## WHAT IS CLAIMED IS:

- 1. A method of forming an active region, comprising the steps of: applying a mask layer to an active layer; patterning the mask layer to expose areas of the active layer; etching the exposed areas of the active layer; and oxidizing exposed areas of the active layer.
- 2. The method of claim 1 wherein the active layer is an active layer of a silicon-on-insulator wafer.
- 3. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of etching includes partially removing the active layer of the exposed areas.
- 4. The method of claim 1 wherein the active layer is about 200 Å to about 1000 Å in thickness and the step of etching includes partially removing the active layer in the exposed areas.
- 5. The method of claim 1 wherein the mask layer is about 10 Å to about 1500 Å in thickness.
- 6. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of etching includes leaving substantially unetched the active layer.

- 7. The method of claim 1 wherein the active layer is about 25 Å to about 400 Å in thickness and the step of etching includes the step of removing the mask layer such that substantially all of the active layer remains.
- 8. The method of claim 1 wherein the mask layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of oxide, silicon dioxide, silicon nitride, silicon oxynitride, high-K dielectric, or a combination thereof.
- 9. The method of claim 1 further comprising the step of removing the mask on the active layer after partially removing the active layer in the exposed areas.
- 10. The method of claim 1 wherein the active layer is formed from a material selected from the group consisting of silicon, germanium, silicon-germanium, and combinations thereof.
- 11. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed at about 700° C to about 1200° C.
- 12. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed by one or more steps of annealing by a furnace anneal or rapid thermal anneal process.
- 13. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed by one or more steps of annealing by a furnace anneal or rapid thermal anneal process at a temperature about 500° C to about 1250° C.
- 14. The method of claim 1 wherein the step of oxidizing creates an oxidation layer about 25 Å to about 800 Å in thickness.

15.	The method of claim 1 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed with an ambient
conten	t comprising O <sub>2</sub> , H <sub>2</sub> O, NO, or some combination thereof.

16. A method of forming an active region, comprising:

applying a mask layer onto a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer, the SOI having a substrate layer, an insulator layer, and an active layer;

patterning the mask layer to expose areas of the active layer;

etching the SOI wafer such that the exposed areas of the active layer are partially removed; and

oxidizing the SOI wafer such that exposed areas of the active layer are oxidized.

- 17. The method of claim 16 wherein the active layer is about 200 Å to 1000 Å in thickness.
- 18. The method of claim 16 wherein the step of patterning the mask layer is performed by utilizing a photoresist.
- 19. The method of claim 16 wherein the mask layer comprises a material selected from the group consisting of oxide, silicon dioxide, silicon nitride, silicon oxynitride, high-K dielectric, or a combination thereof.
- 20. The method of claim 16 wherein the mask layer comprises a silicon dioxide layer about 10 to 200 Å in thickness and a silicon nitride layer about 20 to 1000 Å in thickness.
- 21. The method of claim 16 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed at about 500° C to about 1250° C.
- 22. The method of claim 16 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed with an ambient content comprising O<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, NO, or some combination thereof.

- 23. The method of claim 22 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed by one or more steps of annealing by a furnace anneal or a rapid thermal anneal process at a temperature about 500° C to about 1250° C.
- 24. The method of claim 16 further comprising the step of removing the mask after etching the active layer.
- 25. The method of claim 16 wherein the active layer is formed from a material selected from the group consisting of silicon, germanium, silicon-germanium, and combinations thereof.
- 26. The method of claim 16 wherein the step of partially removing includes removing inactive areas of the active layer such that about 25 Å to about 400 Å of the active layer remains.
- 27. The method of claim 16 wherein the step of oxidizing results in an oxidation layer about 25 Å to about 800 Å in thickness.

28. A method of forming an active region, comprising:

applying a mask layer onto a silicon-on-insulator (SOI) wafer, the SOI having a substrate layer, an insulator layer, and an active layer;

patterning the mask layer to identify active regions and inactive regions;

etching the SOI wafer such that the inactive regions of the mask layer are removed and substantially all of the active layer remains; and

oxidizing the SOI wafer such that the inactive regions of the active layer are oxidized.

- 29. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of patterning the mask layer is performed by utilizing a photoresist.
- 30. The method of claim 28 wherein the mask layer comprises one or more layers comprising a material selected from the group consisting of oxide, silicon dioxide, silicon nitride, silicon oxynitride, high-K dielectrics, or a combination thereof.
- 31. The method of claim 28 wherein the mask layer comprises a silicon dioxide layer about 10 Å to about 200 Å in thickness and a silicon nitride layer about 20 Å to about 1000 Å in thickness.
- 32. The method of claim 28 wherein the active layer is about 25 Å to about 400 Å in thickness.
- 33. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of oxidizing results in an oxidation layer about 25 Å to about 800 Å in thickness.

- 34. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of applying a mask includes the step of applying a photoresist mask on the mask.
- 35. The method of claim 28 further comprising the step of removing the mask after etching the active layer.
- 36. The method of claim 28 wherein the active layer is formed from a material selected from the group consisting of silicon, germanium, silicon-germanium, and combinations thereof.
- 37. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed with an ambient content comprising O<sub>2</sub>, H<sub>2</sub>O, NO, or some combination thereof.
- 38. The method of claim 28 wherein the step of oxidizing is performed by one or more steps of annealing by a furnace anneal or a rapid thermal anneal process at a temperature about 500° C to about 1250° C.